





Top drivers for open architectures in the radio access network (RAN)

One of the biggest trends in the networking industry has been towards disaggregation – unbundling the components of the network into smaller, simpler components and virtualizing capability to reduce cost and increase agility.

In the RAN research, 76 tier one operators have detailed plans focusing particularly on the use of new or open architectures for RAN deployments until 2025. They indicated 4 main drivers which push them towards open RAN²:

Total cost of ownership (TCO)

Driving price competition

To wrest control of the technology agenda from vendors



To access a wider base of innovation than just five major OEMs.

A pioneer hardware supplier in the Open RAN ecosystem

Evolving along with the RAN technology, Comba's best-in-class remote radio unit (RRU) is structured with the following high efficiency, high power product features to offer open interfaces to the baseband unit (BBU) and the operation and management (OAM) interface to simplify interoperability between suppliers.



Multiple technology

2G/3G/4G and upgradable to 5G

Multi-TRX radio technology 2T4R, 4T4R and 8T8R

High power Max. power up to 160W

High capacity

Max. 2 LTE carrries 5/10/15/20MHz

High integration Volume 15L/15kg

Flexible fronthaul rate CPRI up to Rate 9 eCPRI 10Gbps/ 25Gbps

Digital Intermediate frequency (IF)

High-Low power RF transceiver with digital technology design



Highly integrated transceiver reduces RRU size, power consumption and cost



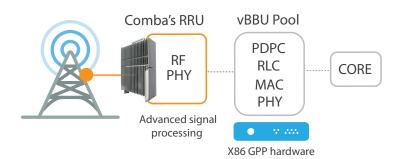
Adaptive frequency domain equalization algorithm reduces ripple < 1dB



Power amplifier protection technology

Lowering cost, improving performance

RRU technology with support for simultaneous operation of multiple air-interface protocols becomes an emerging end-product requirement.



In Open RAN, interface not only lies between BBU and RRU, but also lies in the layers within the BBU and RRU.

How Comba's RRU performs in Open RAN?

High energy efficiency

achieves 33% overall unit efficiency achieves > 50% PA efficiency

Modular design

supports global major frequency bands

RAN functional split 7-2x

significantly reduces 5G fronthaul bandwidth

flexible fronthual topology to support Open RAN deployment

Opening interface within legacy hardwares

To enhance existing RAN performance, Comba's open radio gateway is designed to bridge up traditional hardwares with open interface, facilitating network functions from radio resource control, synchronization, switching, to hardware management.



Comba's Open RAN solution enables multi mode base stations to support multiple standards such as GSM, UMTS, LTE and 5G, offering numerous benefits for both operators and infrastructure OEMs.

To Operators

Reducing operating expenses

- saving rental costs by reusing cell sites
- saving line costs by reusing backhaul

Lowering capital expenses

 only software or extensive upgrades needed for new networks

Optimizing long-term total cost of ownership

- low site maintenance cost due to highly reliable RRU
- ability to future proof networks



To Infrastructure OEMs

Reducing R&D expenses

 universal base station approach for multiple standards

Agility

 fast adaptability to evolving standards and bug fixes via programmable hardware

Differentiating from competition

- simpified product line management
- charging premium for future-proof equipment

Abbreviations

CPRI - Common Public Radio Interface

DC - Direct Current

eCPRI - evolved Common Public Radio Interface

MAC - Media Access Control

PDCP - Packet Data Convergence Protocol

PHY - Physical Layer

PA - Power Amplifier

RF – Radio Frequency, Radio Function

RLC - Radio Link Control

RRU - Remote Radio Unit

vBBU – virtual Base Band Unit vEPC - virtual Evolution Packet Core TSN - Time Sensetime Network





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